

MecaWind v2344

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Calculations Prepared by:

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File Location : M:\Website\Website Content\C&C Calculation\Example_CandC_Ch30Pt1.wnd

Basic Wind Parameters

Wind Load Standard = ASCE 7-16 Exposure Category = C
 Wind Design Speed = 150.0 mph Risk Category = III
 Structure Type = Building Building Type = Enclosed

General Wind Settings

Incl_LF = Include ASD Load Factor of 0.6 in Pressures = False
 DynType = Dynamic Type of Structure = Rigid
 NF = Natural Frequency of Structure (Mode 1) = 1.000 Hz
 Zg = Altitude (Ground Elevation) above Sea Level = 0.000 ft
 Bdists = Base Elevation of Structure = 0.000 ft
 SDB = Simple Diaphragm Building = False
 Reacs = Show the Base Reactions in the output = False
 MWFRSType = MWFRS Method Selected = No Analysis

Topographic Factor per Fig 26.8-1

Topo = Topographic Feature = None
 Kzt = Topographic Factor = 1.000

Building Inputs

Roof : Building Roof Type = MonoSlope W : Width Perp to Ridge = 100.000 ft
 L : Length Along Ridge = 200.000 ft Eht : Eave Height = 40.000 ft
 RE : Roof Entry Method = Slope Slope: Slope of Roof = 1.0 :12
 Theta: Roof Slope = 4.76 Deg Par : Is there a Parapet = False

Exposure Constants per Table 26.11-1:

Alpha: Const from Table 26.11-1= 9.500 Zg: Const from Table 26.11-1= 900.000 ft
 At: Const from Table 26.11-1= 0.105 Bt: Const from Table 26.11-1= 1.000
 Am: Const from Table 26.11-1= 0.154 Bm: Const from Table 26.11-1= 0.650
 C: Const from Table 26.11-1= 0.200 Eps: Const from Table 26.11-1= 0.200

Overhang Inputs:

Std = Overhangs on all sides are the same = True
 OHType = Type of Roof Wall Intersections = None

Components and Cladding (C&C) Calculations per Ch 30 Part 1:

h/W = Ratio of mean roof height to building width = 0.400
 h/L = Ratio of mean roof height to building length = 0.200
 h = Mean Roof Height above grade = 40.000 ft
 Kh = 15 ft [4.572 m] < Z < Zg --> (2.01*(Z/zg)^(2/Alpha) {Table 26.10-1}= 1.044
 Kzt = Topographic Factor is 1 since no Topographic feature specified = 1.000
 Kd = Wind Directionality Factor per Table 26.6-1 = 0.85
 GCpi = Ref Table 26.13-1 for Enclosed Building = +/-0.18
 LF = Load Factor based upon STRENGTH Design = 1.00
 qh = (0.00256 * Kh * Kzt * Kd * Ke * V^2) * LF = 51.09 psf
 LHD = Least Horizontal Dimension: Min(B, L) = 100.000 ft
 al = Min(0.1 * LHD, 0.4 * h) = 10.000 ft
 a = Max(al, 0.04 * LHD, 3 ft [0.9 m]) = 10.000 ft
 h/B = Ratio of mean roof height to least hor dim: h / B = 0.400

Wind Pressures for C&C Ch 30 Pt 1

All wind pressures include a load factor of 1.0

Description	Zone	Width	Span	Area	1/3	Ref	GCp	GCp	p	p
		ft	ft	sq ft	Rule	Fig	Max	Min	Max	Min
		ft	ft	sq ft					psf	psf
Zone 1	1	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-5A	0.300	-1.100	24.52	-65.40
Zone 2	2	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-5A	0.300	-1.300	24.52	-75.62
Zone 2'	2'	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-5A	0.300	-1.600	24.52	-90.95
Zone 3	3	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-5A	0.300	-1.800	24.52	-101.17
Zone 3'	3'	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-5A	0.300	-2.600	24.52	-142.04
Zone 4	4	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-1	0.900	-0.990	55.18	-59.78
Zone 5	5	1.000	1.000	1.00	No	30.3-1	0.900	-1.260	55.18	-73.57

Area = Span Length x Effective Width
 1/3 Rule = Effective width need not be less than 1/3 of the span length
 GCp = External Pressure Coefficients taken from Figures 30.3-1 through 30.3-7
 p = Wind Pressure: qh*(GCp - GCpi) [Eqn 30.3-1]*
 * Per Para 30.2.2 the Minimum Pressure for C&C is 16.00 psf [0.766 kPa] {Includes LF}
 Since Roof Slope <= 10 Deg, the GCp value is reduced by 10%

Components and Cladding (C&C) Zone Summary per Ch 30 Pt 1:

h/W = Ratio of mean roof height to building width = 0.400
 h/L = Ratio of mean roof height to building length = 0.200
 h = Mean Roof Height above grade = 40.000 ft
 Kh = 15 ft [4.572 m] < Z < Zg --> (2.01*(Z/zg)^(2/Alpha) {Table 26.10-1}= 1.044
 Kzt = Topographic Factor is 1 since no Topographic feature specified = 1.000
 Kd = Wind Directionality Factor per Table 26.6-1 = 0.85
 GCpi = Ref Table 26.13-1 for Enclosed Building = +/-0.18
 LF = Load Factor based upon STRENGTH Design = 1.00

$q_h = (0.00256 * K_h * K_{zt} * K_d * K_e * V^2) * LF = 51.09 \text{ psf}$
 LHD = Least Horizontal Dimension: $\text{Min}(B, L) = 100.000 \text{ ft}$
 $a_1 = \text{Min}(0.1 * LHD, 0.4 * h) = 10.000 \text{ ft}$
 $a = \text{Max}(a_1, 0.04 * LHD, 3 \text{ ft } [0.9 \text{ m}]) = 10.000 \text{ ft}$
 $h/B = \text{Ratio of mean roof height to least hor dim: } h / B = 0.400$

Wind Pressure Summary for C&C Zones based Upon Areas Ch 30 Pt 1 (Table 1 of 2)
All wind pressures include a load factor of 1.0

Zone	Figure	A ≤ 10.00 sq ft		A = 20.00 sq ft		A = 50.00 sq ft	
		psf		psf		psf	
1	30.3-5A	24.52	-65.40	22.99	-65.40	20.95	-65.40
2	30.3-5A	24.52	-75.62	22.99	-74.08	20.95	-72.05
2'	30.3-5A	24.52	-90.95	22.99	-89.41	20.95	-87.38
3	30.3-5A	24.52	-101.17	22.99	-91.94	20.95	-79.74
3'	30.3-5A	24.52	-142.04	22.99	-126.66	20.95	-106.33
4	30.3-1	55.18	-59.78	52.74	-57.34	49.51	-54.10
5	30.3-1	55.18	-73.57	52.74	-68.69	49.51	-62.22

Wind Pressure Summary for C&C Zones based Upon Areas Ch 30 Pt 1 (Table 2 of 2)
All wind pressures include a load factor of 1.0

Zone	Figure	A = 100.00 sq ft		A = 200.00 sq ft		A > 500.00 sq ft	
		psf		psf		psf	
1	30.3-5A	19.42	-65.40	19.42	-65.40	19.42	-65.40
2	30.3-5A	19.42	-70.51	19.42	-70.51	19.42	-70.51
2'	30.3-5A	19.42	-85.84	19.42	-85.84	19.42	-85.84
3	30.3-5A	19.42	-70.51	19.42	-70.51	19.42	-70.51
3'	30.3-5A	19.42	-90.95	19.42	-90.95	19.42	-90.95
4	30.3-1	47.06	-51.66	44.62	-49.22	41.39	-45.98
5	30.3-1	47.06	-57.34	44.62	-52.45	41.39	-45.98

- * A is effective wind area for C&C: Span Length * Effective Width
- * Effective width need not be less than 1/3 of the span length
- * Maximum and minimum values of pressure shown.
- * + Pressures acting toward surface, - Pressures acting away from surface
- * Per Para 30.2.2 the Minimum Pressure for C&C is 16.00 psf [0.766 kPa] {Includes LF}
- * Interpolation can be used for values of A that are between those values shown.